

1. Relevant sources should be properly indicated in the paper.

2. The source should be referenced in Arabic numerals in the form of a footnote. The footnote in the text must be preceded by a closing punctuation mark (letter, exclamation mark, question mark). Footnotes may be used to describe a particular word or term;

3. Recommended rules for indicating the sources of papers submitted in Georgian are:

4. First reference to the book:

A) In case of one or two authors - author's surname, initials, title of the book in quotation marks, publishing house, year, page or paragraph;

For example: Hobbes, T., *Leviathan*, Penguin Publishing, 1985. p. 268.

B) In case of several authors - first author (surname, initials of the name.) With reference to "and others" (in case of a team of authors: team of authors, editor), title of the book in quotation marks, publishing house, year, page, or paragraph.

For example: Collective of Authors, Editor Demetrashvili, A., "Handbook of Constitutional Law", Hollywood Publishing House, 2005. p. 305.

5. Each subsequent reference to the book - surname of the author, see. Relevant primary reference footnote number, page, or paragraph.

For example: Hobbes, cf. Footnote 15, page 88.

6. Article in a book: Author of the article (surname. Initials), title of the article, in a book - by reference to the book.

For example: Rose, F., "The Evolution of Species", in Burroughs, E., and Roger, A. (Editors), "Definition of Law: Essays in Memory of Peter Birkes". Oxford University Press, 2006.

7. Indication of the article in the periodical - author of the article (surname. Initials), the title of the article in quotation marks, the number of the publication and the title of the publication in quotation marks, year, page and / or paragraph. The rule of further reference is similar to the rule of further reference of the book.

For example: Kvaratskhelia, G., "Constitutional proceedings on a disputed or declared invalid act", 10 "Review of Constitutional Law", 2016. p. 45-47.

8. Indication of a newspaper article - author (surname. Initials.), Title of the article in quotation marks, title of the newspaper, date, pages.

For example: Pardo-Shiopa, T., "Il carattere dell 'Europa", *Carriere della Serra*, June 22, 2004, p. 1.

9. Indication of Internet sources (blogs, websites) - similar to the rule of a newspaper article, with a reference to the website and the date of the last seen in square brackets.

For example: Klaasen, M., "The best interests of the child in deportation cases: An analysis of *Ejimson v. Germany* "Strasbourg Observers Blog, www.strasbourgobservers.com/2018/03/30/the-best-interests-of-the-child-in-deportation-cases-an-analysis-of-ejimson-v-germany/ [L.s.17.04.2018].

10. Reference to the legislation – number of an article, title of the act, date of adoption.

For example: Article 7, Organic Law of Georgia on the Constitutional Court of Georgia. January 31, 1996;

Article 19, European Convention on the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms 1950.

11. Case law reference - name of the court, if possible, type of the court act, case or application number, name of the parties in quotation marks, date of decision, relevant page, or paragraph.

For example: Judgment of the Constitutional Court of Georgia in the case N1 / 1/477 "Public Defender of Georgia v. Parliament of Georgia", December 22, 2011. Paragraph 80.

For example: Judgment of the European Court of Human Rights in Case N9815 / 82 Lingens v. Austria, 8 June 1986. Paragraphs 41-42.

12. The rules for quoting are defined as follows:

The quote in the text or footnote should be enclosed in double quotes:

The quotation mark should be low („), after the quote - high (“).